

1. How did geography affect where people settled (i.e. climate, geographic features)?
2. Why were plantations limited to the Southern colonies?
3. What kinds of crops were grown on plantations?
4. What did people in the Northern colonies (New England and the Middle colonies) do to make a living?
5. Where did colonists settle who wanted religious freedoms?
6. Why were the Middle Colonies the most tolerant of people of different backgrounds?
7. What was the Mayflower Compact? How is it an example of democracy?
8. How did mercantilism benefit Great Britain?
9. What were the Navigation Acts and how did they restrict trade?
10. How did Triangle Trade work? Who traded what with whom?
11. How did the arrest of Peter Zenger violate the colonists' natural rights?
12. What led Britain to end its policy of salutary neglect and to begin taxing the American colonists?
13. What was the purpose of Thomas Paine's *Common Sense*?
14. What was the purpose of the Committees of Correspondence prior to the Revolutionary War?
15. What was the purpose of the Declaration of Independence?
16. What ideas was the Declaration of Independence based on?
17. What advantages did the British have in fighting the colonists?
18. What advantages did the American Colonists have in fighting the British?
19. Why was the Battle of Saratoga known as the turning point in the war?
20. Why were the Articles of Confederation created to be a weak central government?

21. What was the Articles of Confederation's one achievement?
22. What was the Great Compromise?
23. What was the Three-Fifths Compromise?
24. What was the purpose of the *Federalist Papers*?
25. What was the difference between Federalists and Anti-Federalists?
26. The Bill of Rights was written to serve what purpose?
27. What structural differences are there between the Articles of Confederation and the Constitution?
28. Explain the duties of each of the three branches of government (Legislative, Executive, Judicial).
29. What are the powers of the House of Representatives and the Senate?
30. Define federalism. Why do we have this form of government?
31. Define and give the powers of the following:
  - Delegated Powers
  
  - Reserved Powers
  
  - Concurrent Powers
  
  - Implied Powers
  
  - Denied Powers
35. If a person strictly interprets the constitution, they believe...
36. If a person loosely interprets the constitution, they believe...
37. What are the roles of the president?
38. Why are the courts considered to be least likely to be influenced by the "whims of the public"?
39. Why is the House of Representatives considered to be closer to the people?