

**Identify/explain the following:**

1. How did geography affect where people settled (i.e. climate, geographic features)?
2. Why were plantations limited to the Southern colonies?
3. How were the Mayflower Compact, the Virginia House of Burgesses, and the New England Town Meetings examples of democracy in the colonies?
4. Define mercantilism.
5. Explain the concept of “no taxation without representation”.
6. What was the purpose of Thomas Paine’s *Common Sense*?
7. What was the purpose of the Declaration of Independence?
8. What time period AND ideas influenced the writing of the Declaration of Independence?
9. What factors contributed to the victory of the Americans in the Revolutionary War?
10. Why did the authors of the Articles of Confederation create a weak central government?
11. Give 2 examples of economic problems faced by the United States due to the Articles of Confederation.
12. What was the Articles of Confederation’s one achievement?
13. What was the Great Compromise?
14. What was the Three-Fifths Compromise?
15. What was the purpose of the *Federalist Papers*?
16. What was the difference between Federalists and Anti-Federalists?
17. The Bill of Rights was written to serve what purpose?
18. What structural differences are there between the Articles of Confederation and the Constitution?
19. What does the Preamble of the Constitution say is the purpose of government?
20. Describe the unwritten Constitution and give examples.

21. What is the purpose of the Census?
22. Explain the duties of each of the three branches of government (Legislative, Executive, and Judicial).
23. What are the powers of the House of Representatives and the Senate?
24. Why is the House of Representatives considered to be closer to the people?
25. Why are checks and balances included in the Constitution? Make sure to know the checks and balances.
26. Define federalism. Why do we have this form of government?
  
27. Define and give the powers of the following:
  - Delegated Powers
  
  - Reserved Powers
  
  - Concurrent Powers
  
  - Implied Powers
  
  - Denied Powers
28. What are some of the ways that the Constitution can be adapted and changed to meet society's needs?
29. What is the Electoral College? What would have to be done to change it or stop using it?
30. Beyond enforcing the laws, what are the roles of the President (ex. Chief Diplomat)?
31. According to the Constitution, what does the president need to do to be elected?
32. Why TODAY can presidents only serve two terms?
33. Define the term judicial review.
34. Why are the courts considered to be least likely to be influenced by the "whims of the public"?
35. What rights are guaranteed by the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment?